Precalculus Name_____

Dot Products REDEMPTION

Find the dot product of the given vectors.

1) $\mathbf{u} = \langle 5, -2 \rangle$
$\mathbf{v} = \langle 7, 5 \rangle$

2) $\mathbf{u} = \langle 8, 9 \rangle$
$\mathbf{v} = \langle -4, 4 \rangle$

3) $\mathbf{u} = \langle -2, 9 \rangle$
$\mathbf{v} = \langle -2, -6 \rangle$

4) $\mathbf{u} = \langle 4, -3 \rangle$
$\mathbf{v} = \langle -8, 6 \rangle$

Find the measure of the angle between the two vectors.

5) $\mathbf{u} = \langle 7, -9 \rangle$
$\mathbf{v} = \langle -2, -4 \rangle$

6) $\mathbf{u} = \langle -3, -4 \rangle$
$\mathbf{v} = \langle 4, 1 \rangle$

Find the magnitude USING THE DOT PRODUCT.

7) $\mathbf{a} = \langle 14, -48 \rangle$

8) $\mathbf{k} = \langle -10, -24 \rangle$

Precalculus Name_____

Dot Products REDEMPTION

Find the dot product of the given vectors.

1) $\mathbf{u} = \langle 5, -2 \rangle$
$\mathbf{v} = \langle 7, 5 \rangle$

25

2) $\mathbf{u} = \langle 8, 9 \rangle$
$\mathbf{v} = \langle -4, 4 \rangle$

4

3) $\mathbf{u} = \langle -2, 9 \rangle$
$\mathbf{v} = \langle -2, -6 \rangle$

–50

4) $\mathbf{u} = \langle 4, -3 \rangle$
$\mathbf{v} = \langle -8, 6 \rangle$

–50

Find the measure of the angle between the two vectors.

5) $\mathbf{u} = \langle 7, -9 \rangle$
$\mathbf{v} = \langle -2, -4 \rangle$

64.44°

6) $\mathbf{u} = \langle -3, -4 \rangle$
$\mathbf{v} = \langle 4, 1 \rangle$

140.91°

Find the magnitude USING THE DOT PRODUCT.

7) $\mathbf{a} = \langle 14, -48 \rangle$

50

8) $\mathbf{k} = \langle -10, -24 \rangle$

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